

PASTORAL THEOLOGY

I. THE MINISTER.

1. The office of the minister.

(1) The call.

a. Who calls. God calls. God is the one who does the calling
 Moses 8 yrs. Don't receive it from any other source - mother, father, pastor, etc.

Samuel 5 yrs. b. Who are called. Moses, Samuel, Jeremiah, Amos.
 Jeremiah before birth. Busy people are those God calls. (all saved people
 are called to same form of Christian salvation for a purpose)

Amos - adults when shepherd

(a) Apostles. - one who is sent
 Mark 3:14

(b) Prophets - forth teller and a foreteller (prophet)
 Acts 11:28 - Act 21:10 Eph 4:11

(c) Evangelists - Eph. 4:11 - Preaching the gospel where gospel message - the gospel has never been preached.

(d) Pastors - Shepherd (Cares for his flock) Eph. 4:11
 More than a prophet tends to his own business

(e) Teachers - Matt 4:23 - 9:35 Eph. 4:11

d. Estimate of the call. - Is a calling.

(a) Not a profession, but a calling

(b) A high calling. heavenly called a calling (I Tim. 1:12)
 Rom. 11:13 Known for test

a' Sacredness of it.

b' Dignity of it.

c' Privilege of it. - Not angels, but men and women

redeemed from sin.

e. Duration of the call. - For life - a life calling

(a) Without repentance Rom 11:29

(b) Abandon the call. - Just a burden. To make money.

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- Know all for test!
- (2). The commission. (Matt 28:19, Mk 16:15, Luke 24:47, Acts 1:8
 Jno 21:15-17 (feed lamb - sheep-sheep)
- (3). The qualification.
 By God's call he must qualify
- ~~Whatever whenever service will please him.~~
- a. Consecration. call
 Turn life entirely qualification
 over to God.
- b. Anointing. preparation
 Something you know when you have it - you know when some one else has it, you know when someone is present.
- c. Ordaining. By God & not by man
 Laying on of hands is something that is conferred
 (a) By man. - give you standing with organization
 (b) By God.

2. The life of the minister.

(1) Spiritual life.

Above all thing he must
 a. Know God. - You preach Christ as well as you know Christ

(a) Prayer life. - "Preacher and Prayer".

Devote yourself to prayer

Minister needs to be humble - (b) Humility. - Gives grace to humble & lowly
 Here is a false humility - we want the genuine thing

apparently contradictory statements - "He that will save his life shall lose it to" a'. Paradox - To be a teacher must first be a learner. To be a leader must first learn subjection.

save his life shall lose it to" avoid the

b' Love of - Praise, fame, titles, money

b. Know the Bible.

(a) Read it - Men of one book. Isa 34:16

(b) Study it - Enemies study it. Blessed is he that reads it

(2) Moral life.

a. Conversation.

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(a) Sober *in conversation*(b) Sound *in speech*(c) Pure *Out of the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh*

b. Conduct. 3

(a) Public Life John came living a life separated - they condemned him Jesus came eating, & drinking with the publicans and sinners - they condemned him

a' Example to the believer. - Timothy and Titus. - they were preachers - he gave them message to them.

b' Financial question.

~~avoid completely let the treasurers handle it. The lay man will not be critiqued but a minister will~~

a" Support - Salary, offerings, faith methods. *good month per month per week* ~~He should have support - "The laborer is worthy of his hire"~~

b" Things to avoid - Love of money; speaking of money; handling Church funds; going into debt. *Love of money must ruin your ministry. The love of money is the root of all evil.*

(b) Private life.

*Avoid going into debt.*a' Habits of rising. *Rise early in the morning - Early bed Early to rise.*

b' Habits of study.

a" Morning study - Afternoon - recreation. Pastor must go in the hearts, homes of the people.

b" Method. *Have a schedule - you can accomplish more by having a system.*

c' Habits of keeping records.

a" Sermons. *so you won't preach the same sermon in the same place. List where & when you preached them.*b" Funerals. *Name people & keep personal record*c" Baptisms. *so they can be referred to if necessary.*d" Marriages. *May have to have legal consideration*

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e". Dedication of infants.

f". Pastoral visits. - Check to see if you've called on some one twice & not on the others.

g". Subscription to Church paper.

h". Membership. Keep your own private record as some churches do not have published rosters.

d". Habits of dress.

a" Be economical of your dress.
As becometh saints. - Clean; neat; simple.

b" Don't emulate the world in dress.
Not conformed to the world.

c" Adorn the doctrine. - Make it attractive.
Adorn ourselves to be attractive.

c. Companions.

If you associate with sinners, you will (a). Places of amusement. (Stumble, etc.)
not cause them to stumble from the publick
People of world has as much love to their fellow
men as we have.
(b). Fraternal organization. (Masons, etc. mass eagles)
Don't be too strict in attitude toward the oppo-
site sex. - Men should work with men
(3). Physical life. and women should work with women
Be at our best physically for Him -

a. Love God with all the strength. - Mark 6:31

(a). Annual vacation. Mark 6:31

(b). Weekly rest day. Sunday is busy day
Monday is a good day to relax.

(c). Recreation. Any form.

b. Avocation. - Hobby something on the side.

(a). Roses.

(b). Collections -

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3. The Responsibility of the minister.

(1). To man. + to God -

Isaiah - Ezek 3:1-35

a. Deliver God's message.
without fear or favor!

b. Temptation.

(a). To please men. not to be servants of men
you displease one by pleasing another. The friends
of men is most fickle.

(b). To tone down the message. being in the world.

(c). To compromise.

(2) To God.

a. Please God. "Delight thyself in the Lord etc."
that he may say, "Well done thou good & faithful"
Ezek 3:16-21 33:2-19b. Must give an account of our stewardship. - If warned;
if not warned. Luke 16:2 - Rev. 3:17

4. The reward of the minister.

Can not gage minister's faithfulness by how much money
they receive.

Negative (1) Not money.

Positive (2). Joy of service. → Francis Bigley Haverell. "Lord give me the
reward of being able to give more." (3). Gratitude of people helped.

(4). Praise from God. X X X

II. THE MESSAGE.

I. Matter of the message.

(1). Negatively.

Not a. Popular Gospel. Christ gospel was not popular
The prophets of old were persecuted for this gospel

Prophets message was unpopular

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- 2(a). Good morals. If they love best their Evangelists
more, then good morals are preordained.
3 (b). Social betterment. If every one were saved
we'd have regeneration of society.
- b. False Gospel. You may question thinking they are
giving something good. Modernists give a
False Gospel
- (2). Positively.

Paul said, "Don't preach to tickle the ear.
a. Preach the Word. Don't preach a summan when an altar call arises
the inconsistent

- (a), Doctrine of God.

a'. The Father.

a". Attributes. Immotence, Omnicience
omnipresence, Eternity, unchangeable

b". Character. Love, Holiness, Long-suffering, just, merciful, goodness

b'. The Son. Jesus had only one human parent, Virgin birth (supernatural).
No other like it. God, parent a virgin birth

a" First coming, Birth; Life; Death; Burial;
Resurrection; Ascension.

Eph 1:19-20 (right hand) was attractive
(of Father)

b" Second Coming. 8 times more prophecies
concerning 2nd coming than 1st

c'. The Holy Spirit. O.T. freedom
1st coming & humiliation

a". Personality. Second, 2nd. Judge & glory.
3rd son in John 14:15-16 Rejected
Lies to, Resisted, Speaks
only a personality son

b". Office work. Convict, Regenerate;
Comfort; Witness.

John 16:8-11 the world of
Act. 2:37 sin and
Act. 5:33 judgment
Act. 7:54
Act. 9:5

John 16:8-11 the world of
Act. 2:37 sin and
Act. 5:33 judgment
Act. 7:54
Act. 9:5

To see of his work
Emptiness - Lk. 24:49

1st age - death, degenerating, defiling, corruption, sorrow, poverty

Eternity - Eternal damnation

- (c). Doctrine of redemption.

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- 1-a'. Conviction for sin. Fountains of our own salvation
- 1-b'. Golly Sorrow for sin
- 2-a'. Repentance. Sorry for sins (not consequences). Turn from sin to God
- Justification - cutting tree off at the roots
- 2-b'. Reconciliation. to man - get right with people - writing letters apologizing
- Sanctification - digging tree up by the roots
- 2-c'. Restitution. Return anything you've taken possibly embezzled financially
- 3-d'. Regeneration. New life JN. 3:5-7
II Cor. 5:17
- 3-e'. Sanctification. Exodus - to separate unto God separation from sin & separation unto
- 5-e'. Baptism of the Holy Spirit. you will speak with tongue when you receive. This is endowment of power for service not for salvation. Bible writer wrote
- (d) Doctrine of the Bible. written word - Bible written word Jesus is the living word has as much authority as if Christ were here speaking in
- Bible is a carbon copy of Christ's word like any ordinary person could have
- b'. Inspiration of it.
- c'. Truthfulness of it. Theories of inspiration
1-natural - universal illumination
2-mechanical - dynamics
3-concept - thought
4-verbal - words
5-partial - contains word of God
6-plenary - full (one)
- Bible written word is time closed in its generation & date are equal
- Sept. 23 - Autumn Equinox
- Oct. 21 - Shortest Day
- Dec. 25 - Christmas
- ACT 12:4 Easter Resurrection of Christ from tomb Oct. 21st Sunday after first full moon after the verbal equinox
- May 20 - Pentecost 7 Sundays after Easter - Coming of Holy Spirit into the world
- (b) Calendar year,
- a'. Thanksgiving. Last Tues. in Nov. - A day of thanksgiving to God for His blessings
- b'. Watch night. Dec. 31 - Considering end of year as end of life
- Life as the Oats of Life

c^o. New Year.

c. Special occasions.

- (a). Memorial address. <sup>Jan 1st - Looking forward
with great hopefulness & planning
for the year - Forgetting those
things behind us etc.</sup> May 30th Sunday nearest or
preferably preceding memorial day. - ^{Civil War - S.A.T.W. Soldier dead} Obituary with
(b). Baccalaureate address. No certain date - ^{give spiritual message} present
(c). Fraternal orders. ^{Preach on} John the Baptist - June 25th

d. Declare the whole counsel of God.

(a). Grace

~~as well as~~(b). Judgment. - ~~have love of God to preach it~~

2. Manner of the message. —

(1). With authority. - We have authority if God has called you
~~at all you have authority.~~

a. Uncertain sound. As it were. So to speak.

b. Thus saith the Lord. ~~Preach with positiveness - and
I believe I think but I have said the Lord~~

c. Ambassador. II Cor 5:19-20

(2). With conviction. ~~Preach with~~

a. Serious

(a). Life or death. ~~matter~~

(b). Stand between God and sinners.

b. Light vein.

(3). With courage.

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a. Boldness

(a). Nathan before David.

(b). Elijah before Ahab.

(c). John the Baptist before Herod.

(d). Paul before: Felix; Agrippa.

b. Not ashamed.

c. Hold up standard.

(4). With tenderness.

a. Harshness.

(a). Drives.

(b). Repels.

b. Love

(a) Leads

(b) Wine

3. Aim of the message.

(1) Definite

(2) Exalt Jesus Christ.

(3) Extend the Kingdom of God.

a. Salvation of sinners.

b. Reclaim backsliders.

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c. Edify believers. Build a Temple.

4. Preparation of the message.

(1) False ideas.

a. Do not need education.

(a) Need not any man teach you.

a'. Against

a''. Bible Schools.

b''. Use of helps.

c''. Advice from man.

b'. Inconsistent.

(b). God uses the ignorant.

a'. Illustrations.

b'. Answer.

a''. Apostles. Mk. 3:14. With Christ three years.

b''. Moses.

c''. Paul

b. Do not need preparation.

(a). Open thy mouth wide.

(b). It shall be given you.

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(2). Kinds of sermons.

a. Textual.

b. Expository

(a). Chapter.

(b). Book

(c). Parable

(d). Miracle.

c. Topical.

(a). Study entire Bible.

(b). Complete teaching.

(c). Prevent errors of doctrine.

(3). Methods of preparation.

a. Growth of sermon.

(a), Be original.

(b). Use of helps.

a', Concordance.

b'. Commentary.

c'. Bible Dictionary.

d'. Encyclopaedia.

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e'. Reference books. *Your library will grow through the years*

f'. Clippings. D.L.Moody and envelope method.

(c). Study the whole Bible.

(d). Element of time.

b. Writing of sermons. *Be careful of your outline - spend much time on it.*

(a). Outline only.

a'. Careful.

b'. Order. *Preparation is as great as the achievement.*

You don't build anything until you've made a plan. He was conscientious in preaching.

a". Architect. *Building* ~~Draws~~ *Plans* carefully. *Empire State Building - took 3 yrs. to draw*

pedra

b". Civil Engineer. *Survey railroad. Continually changes roads by finding better ways.*

c". Mechanical Engineer. *Bridge*

d". General. *Plans a campaign. Has an objective.*
Every move is put on paper before the Campaign
a general moves only at command.

e". Author. Book

No book is bought unless it has been corrected time over a year. Each book has a

(b). In full. *plan.*
C. Los. Moates read his sermons

(c). No writing at all.

Chas. Hinney had no notes at all.

(d). Written after delivery.

C. Los. Jefferson - speaks Sunday, writes on Monday & file is away.

c. Use of illustrations.

(a) Value.

a'. Window to let in light.

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b'. Picture language.

Put a picture in people's minds

c'. Lasting impression.

d'. Enforce statement.

a". Foreign Field. Illustration; proof; study proverbs; folk lore.

b". Paul. Quoted Athenian poets.

(b) Method of Jesus.

*Some Matt 13
Wedding feast, talents, judgment scene*

a'. Parable.

b'. Every truth.

d. Things to avoid.

(a). Inaccuracies of:

a'. Illustration.

b'. Scripture quotations.

a". Attribute: To Paul what Christ said, and to Christ what Paul said.

b". Cast bread on the waters.

c'. Other quotations.

d'. Pronunciation.

(b). Exaggerated statements.

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a'. Reports. Number at altar; converts; baptized with the Holy Spirit; audience.

b'. Testimony. Beyond experience.

c'. Continual experience.

(c). Plagiarism. Sermons; illustrations; as if happened in own experience.

(d). Flowery language.

5. Delivery of the message:

(1). Pulpit deportment.

a. Bearing

(a) Approach to the platform.

a'. Skipping up steps.

b'. Walking on hands.

(b) On platform.

a'. The way the minister sits.

b'. Actions.

c'. Talking with other ministers.

b. Voice. Shrill; loud; shout; rough; monotone; pronounce clearly.

(2). Delivery of the sermon.

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a. The sermon.

(a). Scripture reading. *Well chosen expression
not too rapidly - read before hand*

(b). Announce text - 10th verse of 4th chapter of II Corinthians. *Don't do this instead
say II Cor. 4:10*

(c). Use of notes.

a'. Read sermon. *Very few can read a sermon
before an audience, but some can.*

b'. Notes. *Sixty Sunday uses very few notes*

c'. No notes. *is best but use them if you
need them*

(d). The offering. *Should be a time of Worship
Bring an offering each time.*

a'. Worship

b'. Singing during offering. *There is none during other part of the
service. It is good to be silent*

c'. Bring something every service.

*Don't sing when
others sing. A little
prayer goes much
farther*

(e). The songs. *Give background of song. Choose
songs in accordance with service.*

b. Keep self hidden. - Always referring to self; keep humble. *Keep behind the cross & let them see
Jesus rather than us.*

c. Anointing of Holy Spirit. - Unction.

*This is something we need. - You know who
you are but you can't define it. You know when you love
someone but you can't define it.*

d. Close message before through. - If conviction is on
audience. *Stop your message. Strike while the
iron is hot." "A psychological moment.*

(3). Length of the sermon. - No rule for either long or short.

a. Brief.

b. Long.

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(4). Repetition of sermons. *Can do it accidentally if you don't keep a record.*

- a. To the same audience.

(a). Accidentally. - Because do not keep record.

(b). Intentionally. - *If you see its God's message, it's perfectly alright!*

- b. To different audience. *Most evangelists do it.*

(5). Things to avoid.

Delivery of sermon

a. Imitation of other speakers. *can be conscious or unconscious* - *Same time you can tell who the instructor was of some musicians. Don't imitate. Be your self.*

b. Mannerisms. *Everyone has some. They detract from the message. Some take off on glasses, wave hands, give nose button.*

(a). In words. *urbation coat.*

Avoid these things!

(b). In actions.

(c). Detracts from message.

c. Slang. *Avoid Colloquialism & slang is a sign of ignorance. Scram, swell, pain in the neck, blarney. Put your glass eye on that, they're the cat's whiskers.*

d. Making excuses. - *No time to prepare message. DON'T MAKE EXCUSES!! It's very bad phrasology. You don't need to tell them you have to repeat the message. They'll find it on their own.*

e. Reminiscences. *Enough. Don't give some story too much. It gets wearisome.*

f. Waste of time. - *Don't be too wordy in illustration. Too much detail is tiresome!*

(a). Too wordy. - In illustrations.

(b). Turning pages of the Bible. *Name your tattered marked & you don't have to fumble around when you get up. It's a waste of time.*

Final information about slang

"Cut it out!"

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(c). Before read Scripture.

etc.

Have glasses cleaned

III. WORK OF THE MINISTER.

1. Ordinances.

Supper

We have 2 ordinances Water Baptism & Lord's

(1). Water baptism.

a. Mode. There are 3 modes

(a). Sprinkling. Aspersion

Symbol of laying - (b), Pouring. - affusion
This washed away & pouring out of Holy Spirit.

→ (c). Immersion. - what are before

Rom. 6 Col. 2

There may be doubt if Sprinkling & Pouring are real Baptism but you can't doubt that Immersion is a real baptism.

b. Time. Scriptural as much as possible

(a). Immediately after saved. Pentecost; Samaria; Eunuch; Paul; Cornelius; Lydia; Jailer; Twelve disciples at Ephesus.

(b). Postpone.

c. Rebaptism.

(a). As infant.

(Pedo baptism)
(Anabaptist against infant Baptism)

(b). Baptized before saved. Repeat & be baptized

(c). Backslidden. To satisfy their own conscience
It isn't necessary

d. Baptistry. Should be shielded so they won't be seen in little fitting garments.

(a) Artificial.

(a'). Shielded.

(b'). Water heated.

Rivers & oceans are not heated

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(b). Natural. River; ocean.

(a). The Lord's Supper.

a. Mode of partaking.

(a). Sitting.

(b). Standing.

(c). Kneeling.

Doesn't matter how. It's the
condition of our heart is
what necessary.
Should be done in an orderly
way

b. Time of partaking.

(a). Of year.

a'. Once in three months.

b'. Once a month.

c'. Every Sunday.

c'. Every day.

(b). Of day.

a'. Morning.

b'. Evening.

c. Who partake.

(a). Children

(b). Adults

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a'. All saved people. Members; non-members.

b'. Reconciled.

d. Who should not partake.

(a). Unsaved.

(b). Estranged.

2. Services.

(1). Sunday.

a. Sunday School.

b. Morning Worship.

c. Afternoon service.

d. Street meeting.

e. Evening worship.

(a). Evangelistic.

(b). Altar service.

(2). Week day.

a. Every night.

b. Not every night.

(a) Day of prayer.

(b) Prayer meeting.

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(c). Young Peoples' Meeting.

(d). Divine Healing service.

(e). Tarry meeting - Waiting meeting; Receiving meeting.

(3). Special meetings. Revival meeting; protracted meeting.

Calling
a. ~~Hiring~~ an evangelist.

(a). Calling him.) *Vs. letting God lead*

(b). Letting God send.

(c). Advertising the meeting.

(d). Sensational methods. *Don't use these methods*

Wonder Boy, Cowboy Evangelist, Tornado Human Bum

(e). Money question. *Keep your eyes off the money*

a'. Terms. Pastor cannot make terms,
why should Evang. make terms?

b'. Offerings.

c'. Envelope method.

(f). Results. *Two kinds of results*

a'. Good results following - Ideal time to
close a meeting is at its peak. (morning)

b'. Reaction. *I had reactions God's worse*
spiritually after the meeting than
before

b. Pastor his own evangelist. *Some pastors are good*
Evang & have even had their own campaigns.

(a). Lasting results. *What goes on in your*
own work at church is under divine
control

(b). Prayer. *Before every revival.*

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a'. Before campaign.

should be prayed down
& not preached up.

b'. During campaign. Have a prayer meeting
not another sermon.

3. Funeral. Hard to know what to say & what not
to say. You need wisdom from God.

(1). Opportunity. There will be people there who don't
go to church except to funerals. Some people have a
natural curiosity & like to go to funerals.

(2). Appropriate message. Don't speak less fit to the
unorganized dead. Give them the sorrowing
as they are very sensible. Funerals will

(3). Calling on relatives. either tender or burden the
Call as soon ~~uncared~~ funeral to a that
as you can and care open funeral to a that
some will be under open to you.

(4). Fee. - Refuse it unless they insist. Funerals are
too expensive. Large cities undertakers usually
put in a fee for the minister.

4. Wedding.

*Don't love
in church*

(1). Marriage. - (not a word it is a sentence) People get
into trouble by a ~~mis~~ understand.

a. Sacredness of it. Man should be upright. Man
takes her aim.

Many
(a). Light views about marriage.

Always take a fee

a'. Mock wedding.

b'. After fifty years.

(b). Corrupt views - Companionate marriage; trial
marriage.

Live together for 3 months
& if they don't go along dissolve the
marriage.

(c). Charivari.

b. Know State Laws.

(a) State Laws differ.

(b). Minister must register -

(c). Anywhere in State.

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(d). County where license is issued.

c. Practice marriage ceremony.

d. Position of contracting parties.

e. Place of wedding.

(a). Church.

(b). Home.

f. Report to County Court House.

g. Private record of ceremony.

h. Fee.

(2). Divorce. *Mat 5:32, Mat 19:4-9, Mk 10:2-12,*
Rom 7:1-3, Lk 16:18, I Cor 7:39,

a. Prevalence of it.

b. Cause of it.

c. Consequence of it .

5. Dedication of infants.

(1). Scripture ground.

(2). Fruitfulness of it.

6. Business of the Church.

(1). Meetings

a. Official Board

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(a). Time of meeting.

a'. Once a week.

b'. Once a month.

c'. At call of chairman.

(b). Relation of Pastor.

a'. Chairman

b'. No voice

c'. Subject to Board.

b. Church meeting.

(a). Annual

(b). Special

(2). Erecting Church buildings.

a. Expensive

(a). Ministers to pride.

(b). Indebtedness.

(c). Cost of upkeep.

(d). Power departs.

b. Inexpensive.

(a). Simple.

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(b) Low

a*. In size

b*. In cost of upkeep

(c). Power remains.

(3). Care of Church property.

a. Fences - Fenced in property is not uncommon.

b. Lawn.

c. Buildings.

(a). Need of paint.

(b). Need of repair.

(4). Church finances.

a. Methods of getting money.

(a). Pledges

(b). Offerings

(c). Faith

b. Church Treasury.

(a). One budget.

(b). Several accounts.

a*. Local Church.

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b'. Missions

c'. Church debt.

d'. Special purposes.

7. Relation of the Pastor to:

(1). The General Council.

a. Belonging to the organization.

(a). Licensed

(b). Ordained

b. Free lance.

(2). His own congregation.

a. Love toward all.

(a) No respect of persons.

(b). Servants for Jesus' sake.

(c). Sacrifice

b. Praise the people. Not flattery, but appreciation.

c. Pastoral visiting.

(a). Necessity of it.

a'. The Pastor.

a''. Knows his people.

Herman Raught
Eley - C lean. cleaned
Love of Christ
ambassadors
yielded

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b". Wins their hearts.

b'. The Preacher.

a". Knows not his people.

b". His people know him not.

(b). Blessing of it.

a". Sick.

b'. The whole constituency.

c'. From house to house.

(c). Danger of it.

(d). Fruitfulness of it.

(e). Unfruitfulness of it.

d. Giving out his photo.

(3). Other ministers

a. Other denominations.

(a). Ministerial meeting.

(b). New Pastor in community.

(c). Exchange of pulpits.

b. His own denomination.

(a). Ministerial courtesy.

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(b). Returning to former pastorate.

a'. Visiting in their homes.

b'. Corresponding with them.

c'. Conducting services.

a". Weddings.

b". Funerals.

c". Baptisms.

d". Dedication of infants.

(4). The community.

(5). The public school.

(6). The newspaper.

a. Advertising the services.

b. Announcements. Regular; Special.

c. Articles

8. Affairs of the Church.

(1). Getting a pastorate.

a. The appointive system.

b. The call system.

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c. Organizing own work.

(2). Theory and practice.

a. In School

b. Practical work.

(a). Jesus taught.

(b). Jesus sent.

a'. The twelve.

b'. The seventy.

(3). Things to avoid.

a. Teaching a Sunday School Class.

b. Being the janitor.

c. Social life.

(a). Detrimental to spiritual life.

(b). Contrary to:

a'. Prayer spirit.

b'. Revival spirit.

(c). What they are

a'. Bazaars.

b'. Suppers.

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c'. Socials.

d. Promiscuous choosing of song leader.

(a). No preparation.

a'. Hunt through book.

b'. Call on audience for number.

a". No variety.

b". Inappropriate.

(b). Scold the audience.

(4). Conduct in Church.

a. Be on time.

b. Prayer before service.

c. Visiting ministers in the congregation.

(a). Invitation to sit on platform.

(b). Invitation to pray.

(c). Invitation to preach.

(5). Church membership.

a. Membership.

b. No membership.

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(6). Church paper.

a. Assistant Pastor.

b. In every family.

(7). Choir

a. Choosing the songs.

b. No choir.

(8). Church troubles.

a. What they are.

(a). False doctrines.

a'. New issue.

b'. Eternal security. - Unconditional

c'. Pridgeonism. - Restitutionism.

d'. Post-Tribulation rapture.

e'. Live till Jesus comes.

f'. Manifestations of the sons of God.

g'. Sabbath keepers.

(b). The ruling spirit.

(c). Estrangements.

(d). Factions

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(e). Unsaved in places of prominence.

a'. Official Board.

b'. Choir.

c'. Sunday School teacher.

(f). Promotion of Sunday School pupils.

(g). Tobacco users.

(h). Amusement lovers.

(i). Dress.

(j). Divorce question.

b. How to handle them

(a). Need wisdom.

(b). Do not antagonize.

(c). Personal talk.

(d). Prayer